*toefl primary

Step 2 Reading score level descriptors

Badges	Can do	Next steps
5	Students perform exceptionally well on this test. They can:	To improve their reading ability, students should:
	Understand a wide variety of common and less common words to describe objects, places, people, actions and ideas	Read longer and more complex stories and academic texts about a variety of topics
	Comprehend the meaning of complex sentences, paragraphs and longer texts	Speak or write in their own words about stories and information they read
	 Connect information across several sentences and paragraphs to infer information, identify main ideas and understand the meaning of unfamiliar words 	 Consider taking the TOEFL Junior[®] test for more accurate information about their reading ability
	Identify specific details in longer texts	
4	Students understand simple stories and age-appropriate academic texts. They can:	To improve their reading ability, students should:
	 Understand a variety of common words and many less common words about objects, places, people, actions and ideas 	Read longer and more complex stories and informational texts about a variety of topics
		Speak or write in their own words about stories and information
	Comprehend the meanings of complex sentences and paragraphsConnect information in longer sentences and across several	they read
	sentences to infer information, main ideas and the meaning of unfamiliar words	
	Identify specific details in texts	
3	Students understand simple stories and are beginning to understand age-appropriate academic texts. They can:	To improve their reading ability, students should:
	Understand common words and some less common words	Study new, unfamiliar wordsPractice reading stories and informational texts about a variety of
	about objects, places, people, actions and ideas (examples: ring, adventures, whisper, double)	 Practice reading longer and more complex texts
	• Comprehend the meaning of complex sentences (examples: This is a friendly thing to do when you say goodbye. People do this when they talk quietly.)	 Speak or write in their own words about stories and information they read
	 Connect information in longer sentences and across different sentences to infer information, identify main ideas and understand the meaning of unfamiliar words 	
	Locate key information in texts	
	Students understand short descriptions and find information in	To improve their reading ability, students should:
2	signs, messages and stories. They can:Understand common words and social expressions (examples: play a	 Read longer paragraphs and stories about familiar people, objects and information
	game, go to a museum, wave goodbye)	Learn more words that describe objects, places, people, actions
	• Comprehend simple descriptions of current and past events (examples: The mouse is on top of the table. He is washing his hands.)	and ideas
	Recognize relationships among words and phrases within familiar categories (examples: food-fruit-strawberries; rain-sky-clouds; one	 Speak or write in their own words about paragraphs, stories and information they read
	 more time-again) Make connections across simple sentences (example: Clouds are in the also being across from them. Sometimes they across the sentences (example) 	
	the sky. Rain comes from them. Sometimes they cover the sun.) Students begin to recognize some basic words. They may be able to:	To improve their reading ability, students should:
	 Identify basic vocabulary with visual support 	Learn words and common expressions used in familiar social
		settings
1		Learn words that show relationships among people, objects and places (examples: at, on, around, between, on top of)
		 Practice reading simple sentences and short texts about familiar topics
		 Consider taking the TOEFL Primary[®] Step1 test for more informa- tion about their reading ability
		Note: Lexile® information provided for students at this score level is less precise than at other score levels. Students should consider taking the TOEFL Primary Step 1 test for more precise information about their Lexile measure.

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Step 2 Listening score level descriptors

Badges	Can do	Next steps
5	 Students perform exceptionally well on this test. They can: Understand less frequently used words that describe familiar topics, settings, and actions Understand messages and stories that include unfamiliar words and 	 To improve their listening ability, students should: Listen to longer and more complex stories and academic texts about a variety of topics Practice using less common words and expressions in
	 some idiomatic expressions Consistently connect information throughout stories and academic talks to infer meaning Identify specific information in longer texts 	 conversations Speak or write in their own words about stories and information they listen to Consider taking the TOEFL Junior test for more accurate information about their listening ability
4	 Students understand conversations, simple stories and age-appropriate texts. They can: Understand less frequently used words that describe familiar topics, settings, and actions Understand messages and stories that include unfamiliar words and some idiomatic expressions Consistently connect information throughout stories and academic talks to infer meaning Identify specific information in longer texts 	 To improve their listening ability, students should: Listen to longer and more complex stories and academic texts about a variety of topics Practice using less common words and expressions in conversations Speak or write in their own words about stories and information they listen to
3	 Students understand conversations and simple stories. They begin to understand age-appropriate academic talks. They can: Understand less common words that describe familiar topics, set- tings, and actions (examples: pocket, pour, lamp, branch) Understand indirect responses to questions in conversations Understand messages in which information is not explicitly stated Connect information to infer the main idea or topic of messages, stories, and information lexts Synthesize information from multiple locations in a longer spoken text 	 To improve their listening ability, students should: Learn new, unfamiliar words they hear in longer stories and academic talks Practice using less common words and expressions in conversations Speak or write in their own words about stories and information they listen to
2	 Students understand basic conversations and messages and begin to understand stories and informational texts. They can: Understand common expressions used in everyday conversations Understand a simple, single instruction spoken in familiar words, with key words repeated Understand the purpose of messages in which key information is repeated Understand the main ideas of simple stories in which key information is explicitly stated and repeated 	 To improve their listening ability, students should: Study more words that describe familiar topics, settings, and actions Practice using less common words and expressions in conversations Listen to age-appropriate academic talks and longer stories Speak or write in their own words about stories and information they listen to
1	 Students begin to recognize a few familiar words in speech, such as words for objects, places, and people. They may be able to: Understand familiar words with visual support 	 To improve their listening ability, students should: Learn everyday words for objects and people in familiar categories such as home, school, family, colors, body parts, and animals Practice having short, simple conversations Practice listening to teacher instructions and short messages Begin listening to and identifying information in short, simple stories Consider taking the TOEFL Primary Step 1 test for more information about their listening ability